CLAIMS

- 1. In an optical communication system, apparatus for amplifying an optical signal,
- 5 said apparatus comprising:

a fiber; and

an optical pump energy source disposed to inject optical pump energy into said fiber in a co-propagating direction relative to a transmission direction of an optical signal in said fiber to cause Raman amplification of said signal in accordance with a gain level; and

wherein said gain level is greater than 4 dB.

- 2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein either 1) given a signal to noise ratio, there is a greater four-wave mixing product suppression level than would be achieved using only a counter-propagating optical pump energy source to obtain said gain level or 2) given a four-wave mixing product suppression level, there is a higher signal to noise ratio than would be achieved using only said counter-propagating energy source to obtain said gain level.
- 20 3. In an optical communication system, apparatus for amplifying an optical signal, said apparatus comprising:

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a first optical pump energy source disposed to inject optical pump energy into a fiber in a co-propagating direction relative to a transmission direction of said optical signal to cause Raman amplification of said signal in accordance with a first gain level;

a second optical pump energy source disposed to inject optical pump energy into said fiber in a counter-propagating direction relative to said transmission direction of said optical signal to cause Raman amplification of said signal in accordance with a second gain level, said optical signal experiencing a total gain level including said first gain level and said second gain level, and

wherein said, first gain level is greater than 4 dB.

- 4. The apparatus of claim 3 wherein either 1) given a signal to noise ratio, there is a greater four-wave mixing product suppression level than would be achieved using only said second optical pump energy source to obtain said total gain level or 2) given a four-wave mixing product suppression level, there is a higher signal to noise ratio than would be achieved using only said second optical pump energy source to obtain said total gain level.
- 5. The apparatus of claim 3 wherein said first gain level is set responsive to a
 minimum tolerable four-wave mixing product suppression level and a desired signal to
 - 6. The apparatus of claim 5 wherein said first gain level is also set responsive to a maximum tolerable saturation level.

- 7. The apparatus of claim 5 wherein said second gain level is set responsive to said first gain level and said total gain level
- 8. The apparatus of claim 3 wherein said first gain level and said second gain level are set responsive to a desired maximum double Rayleigh backscattering level.
- The apparatus of claim 3 wherein a power level of said first optical pump energy
- source is set responsive to said first gain level.
 - 10. The apparatus of claim 3 wherein a power level of said second optical pump energy source is set responsive to said second gain level.
- 15 11. The apparatus of claim 3 further comprising said fiber.
 - 12. The apparatus of claim 3 further comprising:

 an Erbjum doped fiber amplifier in cascade with said fiber.
- 20 13. In an optical communication system, apparatus for amplifying an optical signal, said apparatus comprising:
 - a first optical pump energy source disposed to inject optical pump energy into a fiber in a co-propagating direction relative to a transmission direction of said optical signal to cause Raman amplification of said signal; and

a second optical pump energy source disposed to inject optical pump energy intosaid fiber in a counter-propagating direction relative to said transmission direction of said optical signal to cause Raman amplification of said signal; and

wherein said first gain level is greater than 4 dB.

- 14. The apparatus of claim 13 wherein either said first optical pump energy source has a power level set to achieve one of a desired gain saturation level or a desired Rayleigh backscattering level, and said second optical pump energy source has a power level set to obtain a desired gain level given said power level set for said first optical pump-energy source.
- output of said fiber, there is a greater four-wave mixing product suppression level achieved than would be achieved using only said second optical pump energy source to achieve said desired gain level or 2) given a four-wave mixing product level at an output of said fiber, there is a higher signal to noise ratio than would be achieved using only said second optical pump energy source to achieve said desired gain level.
- 20 16. The apparatus of claim 13 further comprising said fiber.
 - 17. The apparatus of claim 16 further comprising an Erbium-doped fiber amplifier in cascade with said fiber.

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injecting co-propagating optical pump energy into said fiber to cause Raman amplification according to a first gain level;

injecting counter-propagating optical pump energy into said fiber to cause Raman amplification according to a second gain level; and

wherein said first gain level is greater than 4 dB.

The method of claim-18 wherein either 1) given a signal to noise ratio at an outputof said fiber, there is a greater four-wave mixing product suppression level than would be achieved injecting only said counter-propagating optical pump energy to obtain said desired gain level or 2) given a four-wave mixing product level, there is a higher signal to noise ratio than would be achieved using injecting only said counter-propagating optical energy to obtain said desired gain level.

- 20. The method of claim 18 wherein injecting co-propagating optical pump energy comprises injecting co-propagating optical energy at a power level set responsive to a minimum tolerable four-wave mixing product suppression level and a desired signal to
- 21. The method of claim 20 wherein said power level is also set responsive to a maximum tolerable saturation level.

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- 22. The method of claim 20 further comprising:
 further amplifying said signal within an Erbium-doped fiber amplifier.
- 23. In an optical communication system, apparatus for amplifying an optical signal within a fiber by exploiting Raman effects to achieve a desired gain level, said method comprising:

means for injecting co-propagating optical pump energy into said fiber to cause Raman amplification;

means for injecting counter-propagating optical pump energy into said fiber to cause Raman amplification according to a second gain level; and

wherein said first gain level is greater than 4 dB

- 24. The apparatus of claim-23-wherein either 1) given a signal to noise ratio at an output of said fiber, there is a greater four-wave mixing product suppression level than would be achieved injecting only said counter-propagating optical pump energy to obtain said desired gain level or 2) given a four-wave mixing product level, there is a higher signal to noise ratio than would be achieved injecting only counter-propagating optical energy to obtain said desired gain level.
- 25. The apparatus of claim 23 wherein said means for injecting co-propagating optical pump energy comprises means for injecting co-propagating optical energy at a

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power level-set-responsive to a minimum tolerable four-wave-mixing product-suppression level and a desired signal to noise ratio.

- 5 26. The apparatus of claim 23 wherein said power level is also set responsive to a maximum tolerable saturation level.
 - 27. The apparatus of claim 23 further comprising:

 means for further amplifying said signal within an Erbium-doped fiber amplifier.

